

# 2023/24 Professional Indemnity Insurance (PII) Policy

Lawcover Insurance Pty Limited ABN 15 095 082 509 Level 13, 383 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000

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When reading this Policy, please note the use of specially defined words that appear in **bold** type. There is a list of these words in clause 45. Although the Policy defines the word "we" this word does not appear in bold type.

### Who Is Insured

- 1. We insure the **law practice**, being:
  - (a) asole practitioner providing legal services on his or her own account;
  - (b) a partnership of lawyers;
  - (c) an incorporated legal practice;
  - (d) a multi-disciplinary partnership; or
  - (e) an unincorporated legal practice.
- 2. We also insure:
  - (a) a person who is or was a principal or employee of the law practice;
  - (b) a **lawyer** who is or was a shareholder of the **law practice**;
  - a body corporate related to the law practice that provides or provided clerical, administrative or management services to the law practice; or
  - (d) the estate of each person referred to in clauses 2(a) and 2(b).
- 3. We do not insure a body corporate that is, or is required to be, a **responsible entity**.

# What We Insure

- 4. We agree to indemnify the **insured** against civil liability for a **claim** that:
  - (a) arises from the provision of **legal services** by the **law practice** in Australia or elsewhere; and
  - (b) is first made against the **insured** during the period of insurance or that is deemed under clause 9 to have been first made during the period of insurance.
- However, we will not indemnify the insured if the claim relates to a circumstance to which this Policy would otherwise respond which an insured notified to us, any other insurer or any other indemnity provider, before the period of insurance.
- 6. When we agree to indemnify the **insured** for a **claim**, our indemnity also extends to **claimant's costs** and **defence costs**.
- 7. We do not agree to indemnify an **insured** for any loss suffered directly by an **insured**, including arising directly or indirectly from a **cyber incident**.

# **Amount Of Indemnity**

8. Item 5 of the Schedule sets out the maximum amount of our indemnity for each **claim** for all **insureds**. Themaximum

amount includes **claimant's costs** and **defence costs**, and is over and above the **excess**. The **excess** is the amount paid or payable by the **law practice** and is not indemnified under this Policy.

### **Related Claims**

- 9. All claims by:
  - (a) one or more claimants that arise from the same act or omission;
  - (b) one or more claimants that arise from one or more related acts or omissions;
  - (c) one or more claimants that arise from one or more acts or omissions in a number of related matters or transactions; or
  - (d) one or more claimants that arise from one matter or transaction

will be treated as a single **claim** and each will be deemed (for the purposes of this Policy and each earlier Policy issued by us to the **law practice**) to be first made during the period of insurance in which the earliest **claim** was first made or notified.

# What We Exclude From The Insurance

- 10. We will not indemnify the **insured** under this Policy when:
  - (a) the **claim** arises from:
    - a dispute between current or former principals or proposed principals or between current or former shareholders or directors of an incorporated legal practice;
    - (ii) the insured's activities that constitute auditing of financial reports under the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) Chapter 2M (Financial Reports & Audit);
    - (iii) any activity that constitutes the provision of a financial service under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) Chapter 7 (other than an activity that constitutes a referral under the Corporations Regulations 2001 Regulation 7.6.01(e)) or that constitutes the provision of a credit facility, as defined in the Corporations Regulations 2001;
    - (iv) the insured, or a principal, employee or contractor of the law practice, being a director or officer of a body corporate (other than a claim arising from the law practice's provision of legal services through any of its directors or officers who are lawyers);

- (v) failure to pay trust money or deliver trust property, or a fraudulent dealing with trust property, where the law practice received the money or property on trust in the course of providing legal services and where the failure or fraudulent dealing arises from a dishonest act of an associate of the law practice (as defined in the Legal Profession Uniform Law (NSW) section 6(1));
  - (vi) a contract other than a contract to provide legal services, unless liability would have attached in the absence of such contract;
  - (vii) a contract to the extent that it:
    - (A) extends the insured's duty beyond exercising the standard of care and skill to be reasonably expected of a lawyer in the circumstances; or
    - (B) increases the compensation or damages for which the insured are liable for breach of duty beyond the amount payable in tort or under any applicable statute;
  - (viii) a contract or transaction in which the insured has or had a direct or indirect financial interest other than an entitlement to receive fees for the provision of legal services;
  - (ix) physical loss of, or damage to, property, unless the claim relates to property (other than cash, negotiable securities, jewellery, art works or antiques) in the insured's care, custody and control for which the law practice is responsible to a third party in connection with the provision of legal services;
  - (x) death or personal injury unless the claim is for psychological or psychiatric injury caused by act, error or omission of the insured in providing legal services;
  - (xi) the consequences outside the control of the **insured** of a terrorist act (as defined in the *Criminal Code Act* 1995 (Cth) section 100.1(1));
  - (xii) war except to the extent that the insured's liability arises, whether directly or indirectly, from an order of any government or public or local authority;
- (b) the claim is made against the insured by a person because, and only because, the person is or was the insured's employee or because the insured did not employ the person;
- (c) the **claim** is for:
  - (i) a refund of any fee or disbursement the insured charge a client;
  - (ii) damages or compensation calculated by reference to any fee or disbursement the insured charge a client or any non-monetary consideration the insured receive for the provision of legal services;
  - (iii) payment of costs relating to a dispute about fees or disbursements the **insured** charge a client;
  - (iv) payment of a fine or civil penalty or punitive or exemplary damages;
  - (v) payment of an actual or alleged trading debt;
  - (vi) damages or compensation calculated by reference to any actual or alleged trading debt;
  - (vii) payment of costs relating to a dispute about any actual

- or alleged trading debt.
- For the purposes of this paragraph, 'disbursement' does not include any amount paid to a barrister or expert;
- (d) the claim is by a responsible entity in relation to which the law practice, or any principal in the law practice, is a related entity within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth);
- (e) the claim is by a corporation that has issued or proposes to issue securities (within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) section 92(2)) to the public, and the law practice, or one or more of its directors or principals, controls the corporation;
- (f) the claim is by a principal, officer or employee of the law practice or by a corporation controlled by a principal, officer or employee of the law practice and the claim is in connection with the provision of legal services by the law practice to that person or corporation and that person handled or supervised any part of the provision of those legal services.

For the purposes of sub-clauses (e) and (f) 'control' means that the entity, or one of its directors or **principals**, has the capacity to determine the outcome of decisions about the other entity's financial or operating policies, where:

- (i) the practical influence that can be exerted (rather than the rights that can be enforced) is the issue to be considered; and
- (ii) any practice or pattern of behaviour affecting the entity's financial or operating policies is to be taken into account (even if it involves a breach of an agreement or a breach of trust);
- (g) to do so would or would potentially expose us (or any of our reinsurers) to or put us (or any of our reinsurers) in breach or potential breach of any legal, economic, political or trade sanction, prohibition or restriction in Australia, the European Union, United Kingdom or United States of America.

# We Will Reject Fraudulent Claims

11. We will reject a fraudulent **claim** for indemnity or any part of a **claim** for indemnity that is fraudulent.

### **Claims Involving Dishonesty Or Fraud**

- 12. We will not indemnify an **insured** under this Policy when the **claim** arises, whether directly or indirectly, from any dishonest or fraudulent act or omission of that **insured**.
- 13. We will not indemnify an insured under this Policy when the claim arises, whether directly or indirectly, from any dishonest or fraudulent act or omission of another insured and the first insured was knowingly connected with that dishonesty or fraud.
- 14. In establishing whether an incorporated legal practice has engaged in dishonest or fraudulent conduct for the purpose of clause 12 each director of the incorporated legal practice must have the requisite state of mind.
- 15. If we make a payment under this Policy for a **claim** which arises, whether directly or indirectly, from a dishonest or fraudulent act or omission of an **insured**, we have the right to recover payment from that **insured** and from any other **insured** knowingly connected with the dishonesty or fraud.

# When The Insured Has To Notify Us

16. The **insured** must notify us in writing as soon as practicable of

any **claim** made against them, even if the **claim** is for less than the **excess**.

# The Insured Must Not Admit Liability Or Incur Costs

- 17. The **insured** agree that they will not, without our consent:
  - (a) admit liability for a claim;
  - (b) settle a claim;
  - (c) incur any costs or expenses in connection with a claim.

### We Have Conduct Of The Claim

# 18. The insured agree that:

- (a) we have the conduct of a claim against the insured, including its investigation, defence, avoidance, reduction, or, subject to clauses 22to 25, settlement or any appeal;
  - (b) we have the right to appoint lawyers to act in the conduct of the claim;
  - (c) we have the right to refer a claim to any dispute resolution process and, subject to clause 22, to settle it as part of that process; and
  - (d) we have the right to conduct the claim in the name of the insured.
- 19. If the **claim** is for less than the **excess** the **law practice**:
  - (a) may assume the conduct of the **claim** with our prior written consent and must do so within 14 days of receiving written notice from us requiring it to do so; and
  - (b) may settle the **claim** with our prior written consent.

# **Duty To Co-Operate**

- 20. The **insured** agree, at their expense, to:
  - (a) give us and any investigators and lawyers employed or appointed by us all information, documents and assistance we reasonably require; and
  - (b) co-operate fully with us, and any investigators and **lawyers** employed or appointed by us.
- 21. The insured further agree to waive any claim for legal professional privilege or confidentiality to the extent only that the privilege or confidentiality would otherwise prevent lawyers employed or appointed by us from disclosing information to us.

# **Deciding Whether To Settle**

- 22. We will not settle any **claim** against any **insured** without seeking the prior consent of that **insured**. However if that **insured** does not accept or does not respond to our recommendation for settlement, then, at our option, either:
  - (a) the entitlement of all **insureds** to **defence costs** will cease and our liability to all **insureds** for that **claim** will be limited to the amount of the recommended settlement plus **defence costs** up to the date 14 days after the date on which the recommendation was made or, in case of urgency, a date less than 14 days after the date on which the recommendation was made specified by us in writing at the time of making the recommendation; or
  - (b) in our absolute discretion we may notify the insured that the insured have 14 days (or in case of urgency, a period less than 14 days) to request that an opinion be obtained from a lawyer under clause 35. If a request for an opinion is not made, or if an opinion is obtained and the lawyer's opinion is that the claim should be settled, in either

case the **insured** will be deemed to have consented to settlement and we may settle the **claim**.

### **Deciding Whether To Appeal**

- 23. We will inform the **insured** of our decision whether or not to appeal.
- 24. If the **insured** object to our decision as to whether or not to appeal, the **insured** have 14 days within which to notify us that they require an opinion from a **lawyer** under clause 35. However, in case of urgency, we may require the **insured** to notify us within a shorter period specified by us in writing.
- 25. If the **insured** do not notify us under clause 24they will be deemed to have agreed with our decision.

### **Payment Of Excess**

- 26. The law practice agrees to pay the excess to us or as we direct.
- 27. The excess becomes due and payable:
  - (a) if the amount shown in Item 4 of the Schedule does not refer to **defence costs**, on settlement, judgment or compensation order; or
  - (b) if the amount shown in Item 4 of the Schedule refers to defence costs, progressively within 28 days of receipt of a valid tax invoice for defence costs and the balance on judgment, compensation order or settlement if defence costs are less than the amount shown in the schedule.
- 28. The law practice as constituted at the time of inception of the Policy is responsible as between us and the insured for the payment of the excess.

### We May Reduce Indemnity For Costs

- 29. When a **claim** is in relation to a mix of matters, and we indemnify the **insured** for some but not for others, we may reduce the amount of **defence costs** and **claimant's costs** we pay to a proportion that reflects an amount fairly attributable to the matters we indemnify the **insured** for. We may determine that proportion in our absolute discretion. However, we will have regard to the value of the proportion of the matters we indemnify the **insured** for and those we do not.
- 30. If the **insured** disagree with our determination under clause 29, the **insured** have 14 days to notify us that they require an opinion from a **lawyer** under clause 35. If the **insured** do not notify us under this clause, they will be deemed to have agreed with our determination.

# **Breach**

31. If an **insured's** breach of this Policy substantially prejudices our conduct or settlement of a **claim**, that **insured** will indemnify us to the extent that the breach has prejudiced our interests.

# Subrogation

- 32. If we make a payment under this Policy, we are subrogated to all the **insureds'** rights of contribution, indemnity or recovery, without their consent. However, we will not exercise our right of subrogation against an **employee** except in the case of that person's dishonesty or criminal act or omission.
- 33. The **insured** agree not to surrender any right to, or settle any **claim** for, contribution, indemnity or recovery without our prior written consent.

### **Dispute With Another Insured**

34. If there is a dispute between the law practice or an insured

and another person or entity for whom we issued a policy of insurance, including a Run Off Policy, and the dispute relates to a **claim**, including the notification of a **claim** or the conduct of a **claim**, the following procedure applies:

- (a) we will notify the relevant persons or entities that the dispute exists;
- (b) we will request an opinion from a lawyer under clause 35.

### Lawyer's Opinion

- 35. The procedure for obtaining a lawyer's opinion is as follows:
  - (a) we are both to agree on the choice of a lawyer; if we cannot, the President for the time being of a law society is to appoint a lawyer;
  - (b) we may each make written submissions, but not oral submissions;
    - (c) the **lawyer** will provide an opinion as an expert, not as an arbitrator;
    - (d) in the case of **defence costs**, the **lawyer** will have regard to clause 29;
    - (e) in the case of an opinion as to whether a claim should be settled or an appeal should be pursued the lawyer must take into account the legal issues in the claim and the future defence costs;
    - (f) in the case of a dispute between the insured and another person or entity for whom we issued a policy of insurance, including a Run Off Policy:
      - (i) the lawyer's opinion must state:
        - (A) which, if any, of those persons or entities is likely to be held liable to the claimant (whether or not a claim is made against all of them by the claimant); and
        - (B) if more than one person is likely to be held liable, the proportional liability of each of them;
      - (ii) the lawyer is to base the opinion on what the lawyer believes, in their professional judgment, to be equitable and appropriate in the circumstances;
  - (g) we share the **lawyer's** fee for the opinion equally.
  - 36. We both agree to be bound by the lawyer's opinion.

# No Right To Avoid Or Cancel The Policy

37. We will not cancel or avoid the Policy.

### **Set Off**

38. We may not set off any amount the **insured** owe us against our liability under the Policy.

# **Prior Practice Determination**

- 39. The **insured** agree that:
  - (a) we may determine whether the **law practice** is the successor to a prior practice; and
  - (b) our determination is final and binding.
- 40. In so determining, we may have regard to one or more of the following:
  - (a) the **law practice** holding itself out as the successor of the prior practice or as incorporating it where:
    - (i) the holding out can be express or implied;
    - (ii) the holding out can be contained in notepaper, business cards, form of electronic communications, publications, promotional material or otherwise, or is contained in any statement or declaration the law practice makes to any regulatory or taxation

authority;

- (b) the **law practice** employing, or taking on as **principals**, all or a majority of the **principals** of the prior practice;
- (c) the **law practice** employing amajority of the **employees** previously employed by the prior practice;
- (d) the law practice acquiring the goodwill, the assets, or the majority of client files of the prior practice; or assuming its liabilities;
- (e) the **law practice** adopting the name formerly used by the prior practice, or a name which substantially incorporates that name:
- (f) the **law practice** carrying on business from the premises of the prior practice.

# **Additional Premium If Required By APRA**

41. If the Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority (APRA) requires us to increase our capital during the period of insurance, we may require the **law practice** to pay an additional premium. Any additional premium payable by the **law practice** pursuant to this clause will be calculated only to the extent that the increase in capital is related to **law practices** whose principal place of practice is in the same State or Territory as your principal place of practice. We will calculate that additional premium in the proportion the **law practice's** premium bears to the total of all premiums payable by **law practices** we insure in the period of insurance in the same State or Territory as the principal place of practice of the **law practice**. The total of all additional premiums payable by **law practices** pursuant to this clause will not exceed the increase in capital required by APRA.

### **Address For Notices To Insurer**

42. The **insured** may serve any summons, notice, or process on us at the address specified in the Schedule.

### **Jurisdiction For Dispute With Insurer**

43. Any dispute that arises under this Policy will be subject to the laws of the State of New South Wales and the Commonwealth of Australia and to the jurisdiction of the Courts of New South Wales and any Courts of Appeal

# Interpretation

- 44. In this Policy, unless the context requires otherwise:
  - (a) the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
  - (b) the male gender includes the female and vice versa;
  - (c) where an expression is defined for the purpose of this Policy, any other grammatical form of the expression has the same meaning;
  - (d) headings are merely descriptive and not an aid to interpretation;
  - (e) references to an amount of money are references to that amount in Australian dollars;
  - (f) a reference to any legislation or legislative provision includes any statutory modification or re-enactment of, or legislative provision substituted for, and also any subordinate legislation issued under, that legislation or legislative provision.

### **Definitions**

- 45. In this Policy, unless the context otherwise requires:
  - (a) claim means:
    - (i) a demand for, or an assertion of a right to,

- compensation or damages; or
- (ii) an intimation of an intention to seek compensation or damages; or
- (iii) an order for costs made against an insured in proceedings to which that insured is not a party, an application for such an order or an intimation of an intention to seek such an order;
- (b) **claimant's costs** means legal costs the **insured** has to pay to the person making a **claim** against them;
  - (c) computer system means any computer, hardware, software, communications system, electronic device (including, but not limited to, smart phone, laptop, tablet, wearable device), server, cloud or microcontroller including any similar system or any configuration of the aforementioned and including any associated input, output, data storage device, networking equipment or back up facility, owned or operated by the insured or any other party
  - (d) cyber incident means an unauthorised, malicious or criminal act or series of related unauthorised, malicious or criminal acts, regardless of time and place, or the threat or hoax thereof involving access to, processing of, use of or operation of any computer system, or any partial or total unavailability or failure or series of related partial or total unavailability or failures to access, process, use or operate any computer system.
  - (e) **defence costs** means legal costs, disbursements and related expenses:
    - (i) we reasonably and necessarily incur; or
    - (ii) the **law practice** incurs, with our consent, in satisfaction of its obligation to pay an **excess** in relation to a **claim** it reports to us

but does not include reimbursement of any time the **insured** spend in relation to the **claim**. (When we calculate **defence costs** we will deduct an amount equivalent to the amount of any inputtax credit that the **insured** or we are entitled to claim for the GST component of those defence costs);

- (f) **employee** means a person who, at any time, is or was:
  - employed or similarly engaged by the law practice (such as a solicitor, lawyer, articled clerk, paralegal, overseas qualified legal practitioner, special counsel, office or clerical staff); or
  - (ii) seconded to work in the law practice or seconded by the law practice to work elsewhere; or
  - (iii) a lawyer engaged by the law practice as a locum on a short term or fixed term basis;

but does not mean any independent contractor who provides legal or other services (such as auditing, advisory or consulting) to the **law practice** or to its clients;

- (g) excess means the amount specified in Item 4 of the Schedule and is the amount payable by the law practice including, if so specified in the Schedule, for defence costs and claimant's costs;
- (h) insured means the law practice and the other parties referred to in clause 2 or where the context requires any one or more of the law practice and the other parties referred to in clause 2;
- (i) law practice means the person or entity named in Item 2

of the Schedule and includes:

- (i) any person or entity referred to in clause 1;
- (ii) a prior practice as we determine under clause 39;
- (j) **law society** means a body representing solicitors, or barristers and solicitors, in a State or Territory where proceedings have been commenced against the **insured**;
- (k) lawyer means a person who is admitted to the legal profession in Australia and includes an Australian registered foreign lawyer;
- (I) **legal services** means work done, or business transacted, in the ordinary course of carrying on the business of a **lawyer** in private practice in Australia and includes:
  - (i) services provided to clients in Australia or outside Australia; and
  - (i) retaining a legal practitioner entitled to practicelaw in a foreign jurisdiction to advise on the law in that jurisdiction and services related to that advice;
- (b) multi-disciplinary partnership means a partnership between one or more lawyers and one or more other persons who are not lawyers, where the business of the partnership includes the provision of legal services as well as other services that are not otherwise prohibited by State or Territory law;
- (c) principal means:
  - a sole practitioner (in the case of a law practice constituted by the practitioner); or
  - (ii) a partner in the law practice (in the case of a partnership of lawyers, a multi-disciplinary partnership or an unincorporated legal practice which is a partnership); or
  - (iii) a legal practitioner director in the law practice (in the case of an incorporated legal practice); or
  - (iv) a person who otherwise falls within the definition of principal in the *Legal Profession Uniform Law* (NSW) or equivalent legislation in another State or Territory (in the case of an **unincorporated legal practice** that is not a partnership);
- (d) responsible entity means a responsible entity of a managed investment scheme within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth);
- (e) unincorporated legal practice means an unincorporated legal practice as defined in the Legal Profession Uniform Law (NSW) or equivalent legislation in another State or Territory:
- (f) war means war occasioned by or happening through or in consequence of war, invasion, bombardment, acts of foreign enemies, hostilities (whether war be declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power, or confiscation or nationalisation or requisition or destruction of or damage to property by or under the order of any government or public or local authority;
- (g) we means the insurer named in Item 1 of the Schedule except when the context requires 'we' to refer to both the insurer and the insured.

# PROFESSIONAL INDEMNITY INSURANCE SCHEDULE

Policy number:	
Item 1: The Insurer:	Lawcover Insurance Pty Limited (ABN 15 095 082 509)
Item 2: The <b>law practice</b> :	
Item 3: Period of insurance:	From 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024, inclusive
Item 4: Excess:	EXCEPT THAT, for <b>claims</b> arising from any payment or electronic funds transfer made in response to a purported instruction or authorisation, which the <b>law practice</b> did not take reasonable steps to verify, <b>excess</b> means twice that amount.
Item 5: Maximum amount of our indemnity:	\$2,000,000 each <b>claim</b>
Item 6: Address for service:	The Claims Department Lawcover Insurance Pty Limited Level 13, 383 Kent Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

Signed on behalf of the Insurer LAWCOVER INSURANCE PTY LIMITED ABN 15 095 082 509

Kerrie Lalich Chief Executive Officer