

Professional Indemnity Insurance (PII) Policy 2020/21 - Community Legal Services

When reading this Policy, please note the use of specially defined words that appear in **bold** type. There is a list of these words in clause 47. Although the Policy defines the word "we" this word does not appear in bold type.

WHO IS INSURED

- We insure the law practice. 1.
- 2. We also insure:
- a person who is or was a principal or (a) employee of the law practice;
- a lawyer or paralegal who is or was carrying out or involved in legal services conducted with the approval of the law practice;
- the estate of each person referred to in clauses 2(a) and 2(b); or
- a body corporate related to the law practice that provides clerical, administrative or management services of the law practice.
- We do not insure a body corporate that is, or is required to be, a responsible entity.

WHAT WE INSURE

- We agree to indemnify the insured against civil liability for a claim that:
- arises from the provision of legal (a) services by the law practice in Australia or elsewhere; and
- is first made against the **insured** during the period of insurance or that is deemed under clause 8 to have been first made during the period of insurance.
- However, we will not indemnify the insured if the claim relates to a circumstance to which this Policy would otherwise respond which an insured notified to us, any other insurer or any other similar indemnity provider, before the period of insurance.
- When we agree to indemnify the 6. insured for a claim, our indemnity also extends to claimant's costs and defence costs.



AMOUNT OF INDEMNITY

7. Item 5 of the Schedule sets out the maximum amount of our indemnity for each claim for all insureds. The maximum amount includes claimant's costs and defence costs, and is over and above the excess. The excess is the amount paid or payable by the law practice and is not indemnified under this Policy.

RELATED CLAIMS

- 8. All claims by:
- (a) one or more claimants that arise from the same act or omission;
- one or more claimants that arise from one (b) or more related acts or omissions;
- (c) one or more claimants that arise from one or more acts or omissions in a number of related matters or transactions; or
- one or more claimants that arise from one (d) matter or transaction

will be treated as a single claim and each will be deemed (for the purposes of this Policy and each earlier Policy issued by us to the law practice) to be first made during the period of insurance in which the earliest claim was first made or notified.

WHAT WE EXCLUDE FROM THE INSURANCE

- We will not indemnify the insured under 9. this Policy when:
- (a) the **claim** arises from:
 - a dispute between current or (i) former principals or proposed principals or between current or former shareholders or directors of an incorporated legal practice;
 - (ii) the insured's activities that constitute auditing of financial reports under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) Chapter 2M (Financial Reports & Audit);
 - (iii) any activity that constitutes the provision of a financial service under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) Chapter 7 (other than an activity that constitutes a referral under the Corporations

- Regulations 2001 Regulation 7.6.01(e)) or that constitutes the provision of a credit facility, as defined in the Corporations Regulations 2001;
- (iv) the insured, or a principal, employee or contractor of the law practice, being a director or officer of a body corporate (other than a claim arising from the law practice's provision of legal services through any of its directors or officers who are lawvers):
- failure to pay trust money or (v) deliver trust property, or a fraudulent dealing with trust property, where the law practice received the money or property on trust in the course of providing legal services and where the failure or fraudulent dealing arises from a dishonest act of an associate of the law practice (as defined in the Legal Profession Uniform Law (NSW) section 6(1));
- (vi) a contract other than a contract to provide legal services, unless liability would have attached in the absence of such contract;
- (vii) a contract to the extent that it:
 - (A) extends the insured's duty beyond exercising the standard of care and skill to be reasonably expected of a lawyer in the circumstances; or
 - (B) increases the compensation or damages for which the insured are liable for breach of duty beyond the amount payable in tort or under any applicable statute;



- (viii) a contract or transaction in which the insured has or had a direct financial interest other than an entitlement to receive fees for the provision of legal services;
- physical loss of, or damage to, (ix) property, unless the **claim** relates to property (other than cash, negotiable securities, jewellery, art works or antiques) in the insured's care, custody and control for which the law practice is responsible to a third party in connection with the provision of legal services;
- (x) death or personal injury unless the claim is for psychological or psychiatric injury caused by act, error or omission of the insured in providing legal services;
- (xi) the consequences outside the control of the insured of a terrorist act (as defined in the Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth) section 100.1(1));
- war except to the extent that the insured's liability arises, whether directly or indirectly, from an order of any government or public or local authority;
- (b) the claim is made against the insured by a person because, and only because, the person is or was the insured's employee or because the insured did not employ the person;
- (c) the **claim** is for:
 - (i) a refund of any fee or disbursement the insured charge a client;
 - (ii) damages or compensation calculated by reference to any fee or disbursement the insured charge a client or any nonmonetary consideration the insured receives for the provision of legal services;
 - (iii) payment of costs relating to a dispute about fees or

- disbursements the **insured** charge a client;
- (iv) payment of a fine or civil penalty or punitive or exemplary damages;
- (v) payment of an actual or alleged trading debt;
- (vi) damages or compensation calculated by reference to any actual or alleged trading debt;
- (vii) payment of costs relating to a dispute about any actual or alleged trading debt.

For the purposes of this paragraph, 'disbursement' does not include any amount paid to a barrister or expert;

- (d) the claim is by a responsible entity in relation to which the law practice, or any principal in the law practice, is a related entity within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth);
- (e) the claim is by a corporation that has issued or proposes to issue securities (within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) section 92(2)) to the public, and the law practice, or one or more of its directors or principals, controls the corporation;
- (f) the claim is by a principal, officer or employee of the law practice or by a corporation controlled by a principal, officer or employee of the law practice and the claim is in connection with the provision of legal services by the law practice to that person or corporation and that person handled or supervised any part of the provision of those legal services.

For the purposes of sub-clauses (e) and (f) 'control' means that the entity, or one of its directors or principals, has the capacity to determine the outcome of decisions about the other entity's financial or operating policies, where:

(i) the practical influence that can be exerted (rather than the rights that can be enforced) is the issue to be considered; and

- any practice or pattern of (ii) behaviour affecting the entity's financial or operating policies is to be taken into account (even if it involves a breach of an agreement or a breach of trust);
- (g) to do so would or would potentially expose us to or put us in breach or potential breach of any legal, economic, political or trade sanction, prohibition or restriction.

WE WILL REJECT FRAUDULENT CLAIMS

We will reject a fraudulent claim for indemnity or any part of a claim for indemnity that is fraudulent.

CLAIMS INVOVLING DISHONESTY OR FRAUD

- 11. We will not indemnify an insured under this Policy when the claim arises, whether directly or indirectly, from any dishonest or fraudulent act or omission of that insured.
- 12. We will not indemnify an insured under this Policy when the claim arises, whether directly or indirectly, from any dishonest or fraudulent act or omission of another insured and the first insured was knowingly connected with that dishonesty or fraud.
- 13. In establishing whether an incorporated legal practice has engaged in dishonest or fraudulent conduct for the purpose of clause 11 each director of the incorporated legal practice must have the requisite state of mind.
- If we make a payment under this Policy for a claim which arises, whether directly or indirectly, from a dishonest or fraudulent act or omission of an insured, we have the right to recover payment from that insured and from any other insured knowingly connected with the dishonesty or fraud.

WHEN THE INSURED HAS TO NOFIY US

The **insured** must notify us in writing as soon as practicable of any claim made against them, even if the claim is for less than the excess.

THE INSURED MUST NOT ADMIT LIABILITY **OR INCUR COSTS**

- 16. The **insured** agree that they will not, without our consent:
- (a) admit liability for a claim:
- (b) settle a claim;
- incur any costs or expenses in (c) connection with a claim.

WE HAVE CONDUCT OF THE CLAIM

- The **insured** agree that:
- we have the conduct of a claim against (a) the insured, including its investigation, defence, avoidance, reduction, or, subject to clauses 23 to 26, settlement or any appeal;
- we have the right to appoint lawyers to (b) act in the conduct of the claim;
- (c) we have the right to refer a **claim** to any dispute resolution process and, subject to clause 23, to settle it as part of that process; and
- we have the right to conduct the claim in the name of the insured.
- If the **claim** is for less than the **excess** 18. the law practice:
- may assume the conduct of the claim (a) with our prior written consent and must do so within 14 days of receiving written notice from us requiring it to do so; and
- (b) may settle the claim with our prior written consent.



DUTY TO CO-OPERATE

- The **insured** agree, at their expense, to: 19.
- (a) give us and any investigators and lawyers employed or appointed by us all information, documents and assistance we reasonably require; and
- (b) co-operate fully with us, and any investigators and lawyers employed or appointed by us.
- The **insured** further agree to waive any claim for legal professional privilege or confidentiality to the extent only that the privilege or confidentiality would otherwise prevent lawyers employed or appointed by us from disclosing information to us.

DECIDING WHETHER TO SETTLE

- 21. We will not settle any claim against any insured without seeking the prior consent of that insured. However if that insured does not accept or does not respond to our recommendation for settlement, then, at our option, either:
- the entitlement of all insureds to defence costs will cease and our liability to all insureds for that claim will be limited to the amount of the recommended settlement plus defence costs up to the date 14 days after the date on which the recommendation was made or, in case of urgency, a date less than 14 days after the date on which the recommendation was made specified by us in writing at the time of making the recommendation; or
- (b) in our absolute discretion we may notify the insured that the insured have 14 days (or in case of urgency, a period less than 14 days) to request that an opinion be obtained from a lawyer under clause 34. If a request for an opinion is not made, or if an opinion is obtained and the lawyer's opinion is that the claim should be settled, in either case the insured will be deemed to have consented to settlement and we may settle the claim.

DECIDING WHETHER TO APPEAL

- 22. We will inform the **insured** of our decision whether or not to appeal.
- If the **insured** object to our decision as 23. to whether or not to appeal, the insured have 14 days within which to notify us that they require an opinion from a lawyer under clause 34. However, in case of urgency, we may require the insured to notify us within a shorter period specified by us in writing.
- If the **insured** do not notify us under 24. clause 23 they will be deemed to have agreed with our decision.

PAYMENT OF EXCESS

- The law practice agrees to pay the 25. excess to us or as we direct.
- The **excess** becomes due and payable: 26.
- (a) if the amount shown in Item 4 of the Schedule does not refer to defence costs, on settlement, judgment or compensation order; or
- if the amount shown in Item 4 of the (b) Schedule refers to defence costs, progressively within 28 days of receipt of a valid tax invoice for defence costs and the balance on judgment, compensation order or settlement if **defence costs** are less than the amount shown in the schedule.
- 27. The **law practice** as constituted at the time of inception of the Policy is responsible as between us and the insured for the payment of the excess.

WE MAY REDUCE INDEMNITY FOR COSTS

28. When a **claim** is in relation to a mix of matters, and we indemnify the insured for some but not for others, we may reduce the amount of defence costs and claimant's costs we pay to a proportion that reflects an amount fairly attributable to the matters we indemnify the **insured** for. We may determine that proportion in our absolute discretion. However, we will



- have regard to the value of the proportion of the matters we indemnify the **insured** for and those we do not.
- If the **insured** disagree with our determination under clause 28, the insured have 14 days to notify us that they require an opinion from a lawyer under clause 34. If the insured do not notify us under this clause, they will be deemed to have agreed with our determination.

BREACH

If an insured's breach of this Policy 30. substantially prejudices our conduct or settlement of a claim, that insured will indemnify us to the extent that the breach has prejudiced our interests.

SUBROGATION

- If we make a payment under this Policy, we are subrogated to all the insureds' rights of contribution, indemnity or recovery, without their consent. However, we will not exercise our right of subrogation against an employee except in the case of that person's dishonesty or criminal act or omission.
- 32. The **insured** agree not to surrender any right to, or settle any claim for, contribution, indemnity or recovery without our prior written consent.

DISPUTE WITH ANOTHER INSURED

- If there is a dispute between the law 33. practice or an insured and another person or entity for whom we issued a policy of insurance, including a Run Off Policy, or for whom Lawcover Pty Limited arranged a Certificate of Insurance or Run Off Policy, and the dispute relates to a claim, including the notification of a claim or the conduct of a **claim**, the following procedure applies:
- (a) we will notify the relevant persons or entities that the dispute exists;
- we will request an opinion from a lawyer under clause 34.

LAWYER'S OPINION

- The procedure for obtaining a lawyer's opinion is as follows:
- we are both to agree on the choice of a (a) lawyer; if we cannot, the President for the time being of a law society is to appoint a lawyer;
- we may each make written submissions, (b) but not oral submissions;
- the **lawyer** will provide an opinion as an (c) expert, not as an arbitrator;
- (d) in the case of defence costs, the lawyer will have regard to clause 28;
- (e) in the case of an opinion as to whether a claim should be settled or an appeal should be pursued the lawyer must take into account the legal issues in the claim and the future defence costs;
- (f) in the case of a dispute between the **insured** and another person or entity for whom Lawcover Pty Limited issued a policy of insurance, including a Run Off Policy or for whom we arranged a Certificate of Insurance or Run Off Policy:
 - (i) the **lawyer's** opinion must state:
 - (A) which, if any, of those persons or entities is likely to be held liable to the claimant (whether or not a **claim** is made against all of them by the claimant); and
 - (B) if more than one person is likely to be held liable, the proportional liability of each of them;
 - (ii) the **lawyer** is to base the opinion on what the lawyer believes, in their professional judgment, to be equitable and appropriate in the circumstances;
- (g) we share the lawyer's fee for the opinion equally.
- 35. We both agree to be bound by the lawyer's opinion.



NO RIGHT TO AVOID OR CANCEL THE POLICY

36. We will not cancel or avoid the Policy.

SET OFF

37. We may not set off any amount the insured owe us against our liability under the Policy.

PRIOR PRACTICE DETERMINATION

- 38. The **insured** agree that:
- (a) we may determine whether the law practice is the successor to a prior practice; and
- our determination is final and binding.
- In so determining, we may have regard to one or more of the following:
- the law practice holding itself out as the successor of the prior practice or as incorporating it where:
 - the holding out can be express or implied;
 - (ii) the holding out can be contained in notepaper, business cards, form of electronic communications, publications, promotional material or otherwise, or is contained in any statement or declaration the law practice makes to any regulatory or taxation authority;
- the law practice employing, or taking on as principals, all or a majority of the principals of the prior practice;
- the law practice employing a majority of the employees previously employed by the prior practice;
- the law practice acquiring the goodwill, the assets, or the majority of client files of the prior practice; or assuming its liabilities;
- the **law practice** adopting the name formerly used by the prior practice, or a name which substantially incorporates that name;
- the law practice carrying on business from the premises of the prior practice.

ADDITIONAL PREMIUM IF REQUIRED BY APRA

If the Australian Prudential Regulatory 40. Authority (APRA) requires us to increase our capital during the period of insurance, we may require the law practice to pay an additional premium. Any additional premium payable by the law practice pursuant to this clause will be calculated only to the extent that the increase in capital is related to law practices whose principal place of practice is in the same State or Territory as your principal place of practice. We will calculate that additional premium in the proportion the law practice's premium bears to the total of all premiums payable by law practices we insure in the period of insurance in the same State or Territory as the principal place of practice of the law practice. The total of all additional premiums payable by law practices pursuant to this clause will not exceed the increase in capital required by APRA.

ADDRESS FOR NOTICES TO INSURER

41. The **insured** may serve any summons, notice, or process on us at the address specified in the Schedule.

JURISDICTION FOR DISPUTE WITH INSURER

42. Any dispute that arises under this Policy will be subject to the laws of the State of New South Wales and the Commonwealth of Australia and to the jurisdiction of the Courts of New South Wales and any Courts of Appeal therefrom.

INTERPRETATION

- In this Policy, unless the context requires 43. otherwise:
- the singular includes the plural and vice (a)
- the male gender includes the female and (b) vice versa;



- (c) where an expression is defined for the purpose of this Policy, any other grammatical form of the expression has the same meaning;
- (d) headings are merely descriptive and not an aid to interpretation;
- references to an amount of money are references to that amount in Australian dollars;
- (f) a reference to any legislation or legislative provision includes any statutory modification or re-enactment of, or legislative provision substituted for, and also any subordinate legislation issued under, that legislation or legislative provision.

DEFINITIONS

- 44. In this Policy, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (a) claim means:
 - a demand for, or an assertion of a right to, compensation or damages; or
 - an intimation of an intention to seek compensation or damages; or
 - (iii) an order for costs made against an insured in proceedings to which that insured is not a party, an application for such an order, or an intimation of an intention to seek such an order:
- (b) claimant's costs means legal costs the insured has to pay to the person making a claim against them;
- community legal service means a community legal service, or a complying community legal centre, or a community legal centre, as those terms are defined in the Legal Profession Uniform Law (NSW) or relevant equivalent legislation in the Australian State or Territory where the service operates;
- defence costs means legal costs, disbursements and related expenses we reasonably and necessarily incur or the law practice incurs, with our consent, in satisfaction of its obligation to pay an

- excess in relation to a claim it reports to us, but does not include reimbursement of any time the insured spend in relation to the claim. (When we calculate defence costs we will deduct an amount equivalent to the amount of any input tax credit that the insured or we are entitled to claim for the GST component of those defence costs);
- employee means a person who, at any time, is or was:
 - (i) employed or similarly engaged by the law practice (such as a solicitor, lawyer, articled clerk, paralegal, overseas qualified legal practitioner, special counsel, office or clerical staff); or
 - carrying out or involved in legal (ii) services conducted with the approval of the law practice; or
 - (iii) seconded to work in the law practice or seconded by the law practice to work elsewhere; or
 - a lawyer engaged by the law (iv) practice as a locum on a short term or fixed term basis;
 - including in a voluntary capacity, but does not mean any independent contractor who provides legal or other services (such as auditing, advisory or consulting) to the law practice or to its clients;
- (f) excess means the amount specified in Item 4 of the Schedule and is the amount payable by the law practice including, if so specified in the Schedule, for defence costs and claimant's costs;
- (g) **insured** means the **law practice** and the other parties referred to in clause 2 or where the context requires any one or more of the law practice and the other parties referred to in clause 2;
- (h) law practice means the community legal service named in Item 2 of the Schedule and includes:
 - (i) any organisation or entity referred to in clause 1;

- (ii) a prior practice as we determine under clause 38;
- (i) law society means a body representing solicitors, or barristers and solicitors, in an Australian State or Territory where proceedings have been commenced against the insured;
- lawyer means a person who is admitted (i) to the legal profession in Australia and includes an Australian registered foreign lawyer;
- legal services means work done or business transacted in the ordinary course of carrying on the business of a lawyer in a community legal service in Australia and includes:
 - (i) services provided to clients in Australia or outside Australia; and
 - (ii) retaining a legal practitioner entitled to practice law in a foreign jurisdiction to advise on the law in that jurisdiction and services related to that advice;
- (I) principal means:
 - (i) a supervising legal practitioner as defined under the the Legal Profession Uniform Law (NSW) or relevant equivalent legislation in the Australian State or Territory where the service operates, or a legal practitioner who is generally responsible for the provision of legal services by the law practice; or
 - (ii) a legal practitioner director in the law practice;

- (m) responsible entity means a responsible entity of a managed investment scheme within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth);
- (n) responsible person means the person appointed by the Australian Pro Bono Centre as insurance liaison and work approval officer;
- war means war occasioned by or (o) happening through or in consequence of war, invasion, bombardment, acts of foreign enemies, hostilities (whether war be declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power, or confiscation or nationalisation or requisition or destruction of or damage to property by or under the order of any government or public or local authority;
- we means the insurer named in Item 1 of the Schedule except when the context requires 'we' to refer to both the insurer and the insured.

Schedule: Professional Indemnity Insurance

Policy number:	90005-010719-PI-N	
Item 1: The Insurer:	Lawcover Insurance Pty Limited (ABN 15 095 082 509)	
Item 2: The law practice:		CLS ID:
Item 3: Period of insurance:	From 1 July 2019 to 30 June 2020, inclusive	
Item 4: Excess:	\$5,000 each claim including defence costs and claimant's costs , up to a maximum of \$25,000 for all claims under this Insurance Policy.	
Item 5: Maximum amount of our indemnity:	\$2,000,000 each claim	
Item 6: Address for service:	The Claims Department Lawcover Insurance Pty Limited Level 13, 383 Kent Street SYDNEY NSW 2000	

Signed on behalf of the Insurer LAWCOVER INSURANCE PTY LIMITED ABN 15 095 082 509

Kerrie Lalich Chief Executive Officer

